# Demonstration Evaluation of Biodegradable Degreaser

Appendix D.
SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Analytical Testing

Appendix E.
SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Vapor Pressure Testing

Appendix F.
SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Toxicity Testing

National Risk Management Research Laboratory
Office of Research and Development
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Cincinnati, OH 45268

# Appendix D

SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Analytical Testing

12219 SW 131 Avenue (305) 971-7047 Phone: Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Fax: (305) 971-7048 Attn: Sara Kuczek Date: 07-Mar-2005 **Battelle Memorial Institute** 505 King Ave SMI/REF: 04DEC086 Columbus, OH 43201 Final Report Product: EAGLE KLEEN III (Lot C531-84-1) (received 01-Dec-2004) Dilution: As received Page 1 of 12 Modified testing (product was tested "as received" [undiluted] ) MIL-PRF-87937D (24 Sep 2001) CLEANING COMPOUND, AEROSPACE EQUIPMENT Type IV - Heavy Duty, Water Dilutable Cleaning Compound 3.3 **Toxicity** Informational 3.3.4 Biodegradability Conforms Compositional assurance 3.4 Informational 3.5 Chemical properties 3.5.1 Chemical requirements Insoluble matter Conforms Flash point Conforms **Emulsion characteristics** Conforms\* Wet adhesion tape test Conforms\* % Cleaning efficiency Conforms\* Terpene hydrocarbons Not applicable 3.5.2 Residue rinsibility Conforms\* Physical properties 3.6.1 Heat stability Does not conform 3.6.2 Cold stability Conforms 3.6.3 Rheology 3.6.3.1 Consistency Not applicable

Sprayability

3.6.3.2

Not applicable

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification. Results should not be considered for QPL listing.

Clien Produ Dilutio	Dect: EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1 Dect: Per specification	Date: SMI/REF:	07-Mar-2005 04DEC086 Final Report
WIIL-P	PRF-87937D (Type IV)	Page 2 of 12	?
3.7	Effect on metals		
0.7	3.7.1 Hydrogen embrittlement	Cor	forms*
	3.7.2 Total immersion corrosion		forms*
	3.7.3 Low-embrittling cadmium plate corrosion		forms*
2 9	3.7.4 Effects on unpainted metal surfaces		forms*
e.	3.7.5 Sandwich corrosion		forms*
	3.7.6 Wet adhesion tape test		forms*
			**
3.8	Effect on painted surfaces	Con	forms*
3.9	Stress crazing of MIL-PRF-5425 and		* .
	MIL-PRF-25690 (Type A and C) acrylic plastics	Does no	ot conform*
3.10	Stress crazing of polycarbonate plastic	Does no	ot conform*
3.11	Long-term storage stability	Not pe	erformed
3.12	Hot dip galvanizing corrosion	Con	forms*
3.13	Workmanship	To be Ce	ert. by Mfr.
3.14	Effect on polysulfide sealants	Con	forms*
3.15	Rubber compatibility	Con	forms*
3.16	Effect on polyimide insulated wire	Con	forms

Respectfully submitted,

\* Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification. Results should not be considered for QPL listing.

Patricia D. Viani, SMI Inc.

Client: Product:

Dilution:

Battelle Memorial Institute

EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Per specification

MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

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3.1.1 Qualification (Initial): The cleaning compound furnished under this specification shall be a product which has been tested and has passed the qualification tests specified herein and has been listed or approved for listing on the applicable Qualified Products List (QPL).

3.3 Toxicity: The cleaning compound shall have no adverse effect on the health of personnel or the environment when used for its intended purpose and with proper personal protective equipment (when required). The product shall be evaluated for aquatic toxicity with a 96-hour Fathead minnow (*Pimephales promelas*) bioassay and a 48-hour *Ceriodaphnia dubia* bioassay in accordance with Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluents and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, EPA/600/4-90/027. The percent survival at 1, 10, 50, and 100 ppm shall be reported for both organisms.

% of Fathe	ad Minnows <i>(Pime</i>	phales promelas) \$	Surviving		
Concentration After 24 hours After 48 hours After 96					
1 ppm	100%	100%	100%		
10 ppm	0%	0%	0%		
50 ppm	0%	0%	0%		
100 ppm	0%	0%	: 0%		

% of Cla	doceran (Ceriodaphnia	dubia) Surviving
Concentration	After 24 hours	After 48 hours
1 ppm	90%	50%
10 ppm	50%	20%
50 ppm	0%	0%
100 ppm	0%	0%

D	l-fl		
Result	Informational	**	

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Dilution: P

Per specification

POS CONSISSION III LOT # C531-8

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3.3.4 <u>Biodegradability</u>: The supplier of the cleaning compound shall furnish certification from the surfactant manufacturers that the surfactants are readily biodegradable in accordance with 40 CFR, Part 796, Subpart D. Biodegradability testing shall be accomplished as specified in paragraph 4.5.22 on the finished product by an independent laboratory approved by the qualifying activity. Biodegradability on the finished product shall be determined over 28 days by the Shake Flask Method monitored by analysis of Total Organic Carbon (TOC). The Type I compound shall meet the requirement of a minimum of 75% biodegradable and Types II, III, and IV compounds shall meet the requirement of a minimum of 85 % biodegradable at the end of the 28-day period.

Biodegradability after 28 days: 87.1 %

	CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	
Descrit	O	
Result	Conforms	
	00111011110	

3.4 <u>Compositional assurance</u>: The cleaning compound shall be tested for nonvolatile matter as specified in paragraph 4.5.1. The concentrated cleaning compound and a 10% solution of the cleaning compound in distilled water shall be tested for pH as specified in paragraph 4.5.3. Results of these tests as well as an infrared spectrogram of the nonvolatile matter (see 4.8.2) and a gas chromatogram (see 4.8.1 for Type I only) shall be recorded by the qualifying activity for use in conformance inspections (see 4.3). Conformance inspection results for nonvolatile matter shall not differ by more than 2 percent absolute from the recorded value. Conformance inspection results for pH shall not differ by more than 1 pH unit from the recorded value. Conformance inspection infrared spectrograms and gas chromatograms shall show no significant difference when compared to the original qualifying spectrogram.

PROPERTY	RESULT
Nonvolatile matter	13.1 %
pH (undiluted)	6.9
pH (10%)	N/A (RTU)
Infrared spectrogram	Attached

Result	21	Informational	
I \CSuit		Illionnadonal	

3.5 <u>Chemical properties</u>.

3.5.1 <u>Chemical requirements</u>: The cleaning compound shall meet the requirements listed in Table I.

Client: Product:

Dilution:

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MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

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### 3.5.1 Chemical requirements (continued):

### TABLE I

Doguisoment	Тур	Test	
Requirement	Min.	Max.	Method
Insoluble Matter (WT%)	_	0.05	4.5.2
Flash Point (°F) 10 % solution concentrate	None <sup>1</sup> None <sup>1</sup>	-	4.5.7
Emulsion Characteristics (mls free water) 5 minutes 8 hours 24 hours	_ _ 11.0	5.0 	4.5.8
Wet Adhesion Tape Test	Pa	iss	4.5.27
% Cleaning Efficiency	90 %		4.5.21
Terpene Hydrocarbons (% WT)	_	None	4.5.23

1/ No flash point should be observed up to the boiling point of the compound.

4.5.2 Insoluble matter The percent insolubles shall be calculated as follows:

 $I = A - B \times 100$ 

W

Where:

A = Final filter paper weight

B = Initial filter paper weight

W = Weight of sample I = % wt. insoluble matter

Insoluble matter = < 0.01 %

Result Conforms

4.5.7 Flash point: The flash point of the concentrated cleaning compound (Type I, II, III and IV) shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 56 (Tag Closed Cup) and for materials that have a tendency to form a surface film under the test conditions, use ASTM D 93. The flash point of the 10% solution in distilled water (Type I only) shall be determined in accordance with ASTM D 92.

No flash point observed to initial boiling point (212°F).

Result	Conforms
LOOGIC	Comonic

Client:	Battelle Memorial Institute	Date:	07-Mar-200
Product:	EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1	SMI/REF:	04DEC086
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### 3.5.1 Chemical requirements (continued):

4.5.8 Emulsion characteristics: Twenty ml of a 25% by volume solution (Types I and II) of the cleaning compound (12.5% by volume solution for Types III and IV) shall be placed in a 50 ml glass stoppered graduated cylinder. Twenty ml of lubricating oil conforming to MIL-PRF-2104, grade 10W, shall be added. An emulsion shall be formed by 10 inversions of the graduated cylinder followed by a vigorous 15-second shake. After the emulsion has stood for 5 minutes, the 15-second shake shall be repeated. At 5 minutes and 8 hours for the Type I and at 5 minutes and 24 hours for the Types II, III and IV cleaners, the amount of free water and cleaner which separates from the lubricating oil shall conform to the requirements of Table I.

Amount of free water remaining: After 5 minutes fewer than 5 mls After 24 hours: >11 mls Result Conforms\* 4.5.21 Cleaning Efficiency: The cleaning efficiency of the cleaning compound shall be reported as the average of three test results and shall conform to the requirements of Table I. Cleaning Efficiency: 98.5% Result Conforms\* Terpene hydrocarbons (Type I only): An approved test procedure shall be 4.5.23 used. Result Not applicable 3.5.2 Residue Rinsibility: When a freshly prepared solution of the cleaning compound is tested in accordance with 4.5.4, it shall not leave any residue or stains. A freshly prepared solution is defined as one being prepared no longer than 30 minutes prior

hard water tested under the same conditions.

No residue nor stains; no weight change Result Conforms\*

to testing. The weight change shall be not greater than that obtained with standard

- 3.6 Physical properties (All types unless otherwise noted).
- 3.6.1 Heat stability: The concentrated cleaning compound, when tested in accordance with 4.5.5, shall show no marked color change or precipitation and shall not corrode or stain the AMS 5046 (SAE 1020) steel strip (a slight darkening of the steel strip shall not be objectionable). Layering or separation shall constitute failure if it does not return to its original homogeneous state upon cooling.

Visible corrosion of steel strip; rust-colored precipitation; no layering

Result Does not conform

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

Client: Product: Dilution:	Battelle Memori EAGLE KLEEN Per specification	I III Lot # C531-84		Date: SMI/REF:	07-Mar-2005 04DEC086 Final Report
MIL-PRF-	87937D (Type IV)	X a		Page 7 of 12	
	-3"		4. 4.		7 g
3.6.2 <u>Col</u> hon	d stability: The connection	ncentrated cleanin on when tested in a	g compound	shall return	to its original
A 1.4	Compound retu	urned to original h	nomogeneou	s condition	after 5 cycles
		W		*	404 40 0
		*	Result_	Con	forms
3.6.3 Rhe	eology (Type III only	y).	n 2		*
3.6.3.1	compound shall	hen tested as speci flow between 10 a to exhibit rheology,	and 20 centin	neters in 10	seconds. The
			Result_	Not a	pplicable
	from the nozzle.	and deposit a unifor	Result_		oplicable
27	-4		·		*
3.7 <u>Effe</u>	ect on metals (All type	pes uniess otnerwi	se noted).		
clea dist	Irogen embrittlemer aner (all types) and illed water shall not minum coated AISI	a 10% solution of cause hydrogen e	the cleaner (	Types I, II,	and IV only) in
Spe	cimens: Type 1c, ca As received: Dilute (10 %):	dmium plated in acc No failures wi Not performe	ithin 150 hou		of ASTM F519
			Result_	Conf	orms*
4.	* 4		* * **		
Spe	cimens: Type 1c, grit As received:	blasted, IVD Alumin No failures wi			488D, Cl 2, Ty I.
	Dilute (10 %):	Not performe		St. 1 (2000)	
			Result_	Conf	orms*
	The state of the s				

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Dilution: Per specification

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MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

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3.7.2 Total immersion corrosion: When tested in accordance with 4.5.10 (ASTM F 483), the concentrated cleaning compound (all types) and a 10% solution of the cleaning compound (Types I, II and IV only) in distilled water shall not show any indication of staining, etching, pitting, or localized attack on any of the panels, or cause a weight change of an average of three (3) test panels greater than that shown in Table II. A slight discoloration of the panels shall not be objectionable. The cleaning compound shall not layer or separate for the duration of the test.

Table II Total Immersion Corrosion Requirements

Allera	Weight Loss (mg/cm²/168hrs)			
Alloy	Maximum allowed	As received	10 %	
Magnesium (AZ 31B-H24) AMS 4377 surface treatment per SAE AMS-M-3171, Ty III	0.50	0.07	Ω	
Aluminum, SAE AMS-QQ-A-250/4, T3 surface treatment per MIL-A-8625, Type I, Class I	0.15	0.02	PERFORMED	
Aluminum, SAE AMS-QQ-A-250/4, Bare T3 Alloy	0.15	0.02	9	
Aluminum, SAE AMS-QQ-A-250/12, Bare T6 Alloy	0.15	0.01	8	
Titanium, SAE AMS-T-9046, 6AI-4V CI III, Comp. C	0.10	0.01	10 13 15 15 15 15 15	
Steel, AMS 5046, Grade 1020	0.25	0.02*	NOT	
Steel, 410 SS, Silver Plated per SAE AMS 2410	0.10	0.02	ž	

Slight discoloration

Result	Conforms*
RACILIT	Contorme"

3.7.3 Low-embrittling cadmium plate corrosion: Steel panels coated with low-embrittling cadmium plate immersed in the concentrated cleaning compound (all types) and a 10% solution of the cleaning compound (Types I, II and IV only) in distilled water shall not show a weight change greater than 0.14 mg/cm<sup>2</sup> for 24 hours when tested in accordance with 4.5.11.

As received:

0.07\* mg/cm<sup>2</sup>/24hrs

Dilute (10 %):

Not performed

Result	Conforms*
Result	Comonis

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Dilution:

Per specification

Date: SMI/REF: 07-Mar-2005

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MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

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3.7.4 Effects on unpainted metal surfaces: The concentrated cleaning compound (Type III only) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV only) of the cleaning compound in distilled water shall not cause streaking, stains or other deposits that cannot be easily removed with water when tested in accordance with 4.5.12.

Marine Charles	
Result	Camfannat
Result	Conforms*

3.7.5 Sandwich corrosion: When tested in accordance with 4.5.16, the concentrated cleaner (all types) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV only) shall show no corrosion in excess of that shown by control test coupons in ASTM D 1193, Type IV. reagent water.

*!	2024-T3 Bare Anodized	2024-T3 Alclad	7075-T6 Bare Anodized	7075-T6 Alclad
As received	1	1	1	1
Dilute (10%)	*	Not p	erformed	70
Control	1	1	1	1

1staining/etching in excess of 25% of the surface area

Result Conforms\*

Conforms\*

3.7.6 Wet adhesion tape test (Types II and IV): A ten (10) percent solution of the cleaning compound, when used as directed, shall remove soil from a painted surface in preparation fro repainting such that paint applied after cleaning with the compound shall adhere to the surface when tested in accordance with 4.5.27.

COATING SYSTEM	<b>OBSERVATIONS</b>
SET 1: Primer: MIL-PRF-85582, Type I, Class 1B Waterborne Epoxy Topcoat: MIL-PRF-85285 Type I High Solids Polyurethane, Color # 34092	Coating system showed no sign of damage.
Primer: MIL-PRF-23377, Type I, Class C High Solids Epoxy Topcoat: MIL-PRF-85285 Type I High Solids Polyurethane, Color # 34092	Coating system showed no sign of damage.
SET 3: Primer: TT-P-2760, Type I, Class C High Solids Elastomeric, Polyurethane Topcoat: MIL-C-85285 Type I High Solids Polyurethane, Color # 34092	Coating system showed no sign of damage.

\* Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by

Result

specification.

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Dilution:

Per specification

Date: 07-Mar-2005

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MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

3.8 Effect on painted surfaces: The concentrated cleaning compound (Type III only) and a 25% solution (Types I, II and IV) of the cleaning compound in distilled water shall not cause streaking, blistering, discoloration or a permanent decrease in film hardness of more than one (1) pencil hardness level when tested in accordance with 4.5.13. The Type I material shall be tested using only the (H) Polyurethane paint systems.

PANEL SET		RESULT	
		25 %	
E (Epoxy topcoat)			
Primer: MIL-PRF-23377, Ty I, Class C High-Solids Epoxy Primer	Pass	arformed	
Topcoat: MIL-PRF-22750 Epoxy Topcoat, Color #: 17925			
H (Polyurethane)	Pass		
Primer: MIL-PRF-23377, Ty I, Class C High-Solids Epoxy Primer			
Topcoat: MIL-PRF-85285 Ty I, Polyurethane, High Solids, Color #: 17925		å,	
F (Enamel)		Not	
Primer: MIL-PRF-23377, Ty I, Class C High-Solids Epoxy Primer Pass			
Topcoat: TT-E-529 Enamel, Semi-gloss, Color #: 27925			

Result	Conforms*	
Result	Comonis	

3.9 Stress crazing of MIL-PRF-5425 and MIL-PRF-25690 (Type A and C) acrylic plastics: The concentrated product (Type III only) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV) in distilled water shall not cause stress crazing or staining of acrylic plastics when tested in accordance with 4.5.14.

Material	As received	Dilution (10%)	
MIL-PRF-5425 (Type A)	*Crazing: Fails	Not performed	
MIL-PRF-25690 (Type C)	No crazing: Pass	Not performed	

Result	*Does n	ot conform

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

Client: Battelle

Battelle Memorial Institute
EAGLE KLEEN III Lot # C531-84-1

Date:

07-Mar-2005

Product: Dilution:

Per specification

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MIL-PRF-87937D (Type IV)

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3.10 Stress crazing of polycarbonate plastic: The concentrated product (Type III only) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV) in distilled water shall not cause stress crazing or staining of polycarbonate plastic conforming to MIL-P-83310 when tested in accordance with 4.5.15.

Material	As received	Dilution (10%)
MIL-P-83310 (Polycarbonate)	Crazing: Fails	Not performed

Result \*Does not conform

3.11 Long-term storage stability: After being stored for a period of 12 months, in accordance with 4.5.17, the cleaning compound shall not layer, separate, precipitate or corrode the shipping container. Plastic containers shall not show leakage nor any cracking, crazing, or softening. All cleaning compounds shall meet the requirements of paragraphs 3.5.1, 3.7.1, 3.7.2, 3.15, and 3.16 of this specification.

Result Not performed

3.12 Hot dip galvanizing corrosion: The concentrated product (Type III only) and a 10% solution of the cleaning compound (Types I, II and IV) in distilled water shall not show a weight change of an average of three (3) test panels greater than 0.14 mg/cm2 when tested in accordance with 4.5.18.

As received:

0.04 mg/cm<sup>2</sup>

Dilute (10%):

Not performed

Result \*Conforms

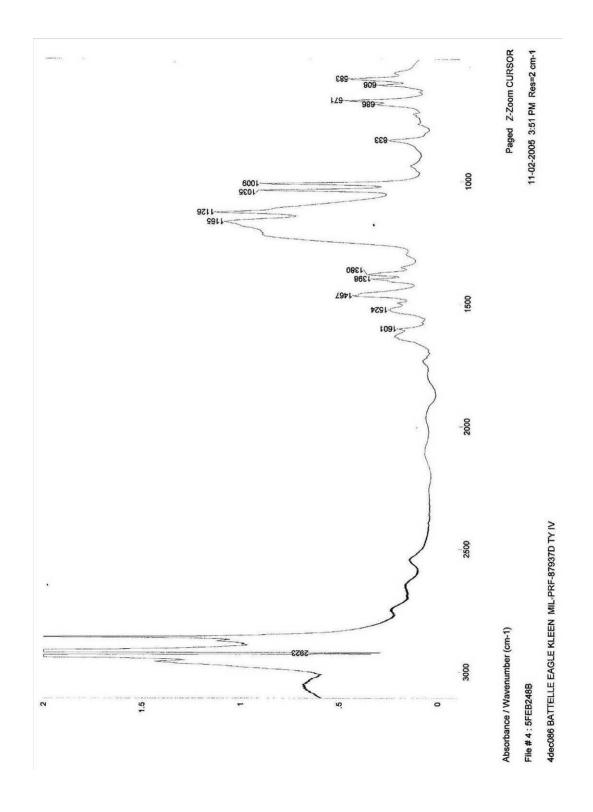
3.13 Workmanship: The cleaning compound shall be a liquid having a uniform and homogenous appearance. The cleaning compound shall be manufactured from materials that shall produce a product harmless to metal surfaces and humans when used as directed.

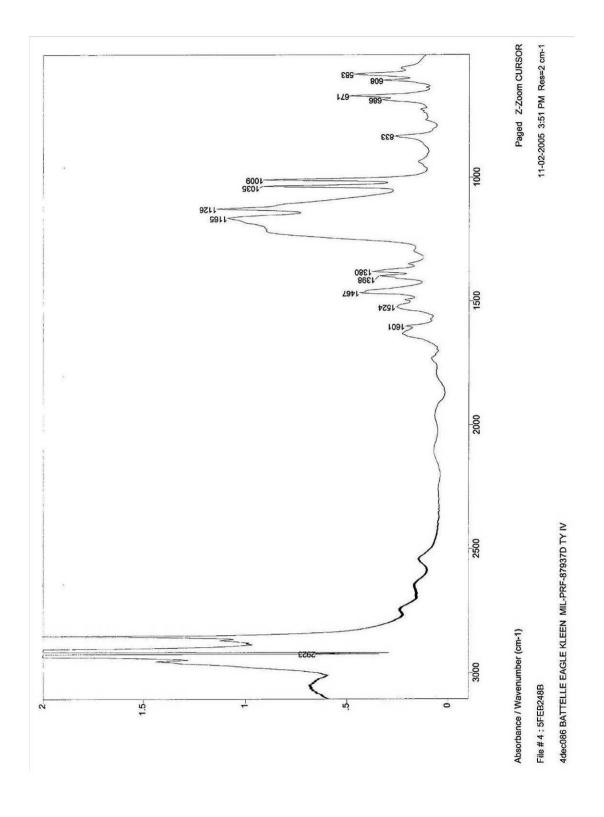
Result To be Cert. by Mfr.

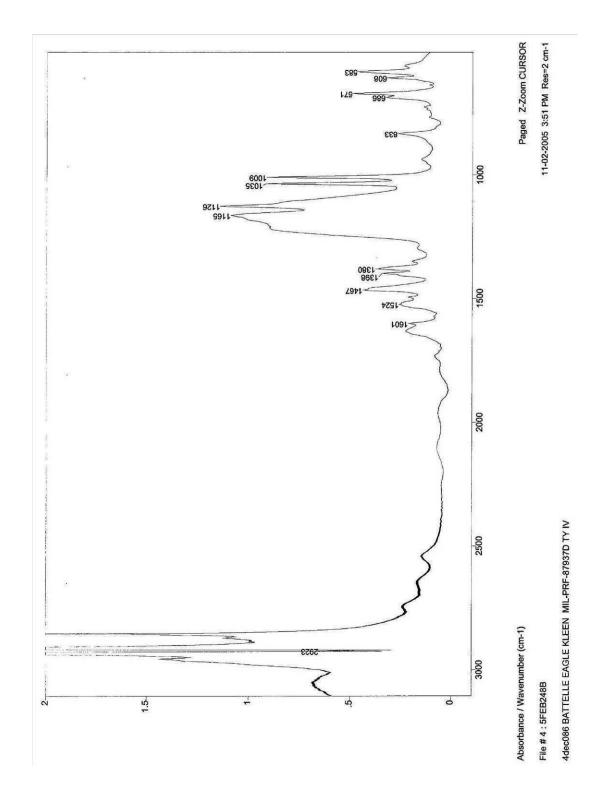
<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

Client		lemorial Institute	,	D	ate:	07-Mar-200
Produ	ict: EAGLE K	LEEN III Lot # (	C531-84-1	S	MI/REF:	04DEC086
Dilutio	on: Per specif	fication	1.0		<b>N</b>	Final Repor
MIL-F	PRF-87937D (Type	∍ IV)	5	Р	age 12 of	
	* * *	W-82	2.00	-		-
3.14	Effect on polysult and a 25% soluti shall not change units when tested Sealants:	on (Types I, II ar the durometer h d in accordance	nd IV) of the ardness of t with 4.5.19. <b>3 Type 1:</b>	cleaning co he polysulfi	ompound i de sealant s <i>hardnes</i>	n distilled wat
*		9	- 1	Result	Cor	nforms*
		****				
3.15	Rubber compatible 25% solution (Ty shall not change accordance with	pes I, II and IV on the the duromete 4.5.20.	only) of the	cleaning co	mpound i	n distilled wat
1	Rubbers:	AMS 3204: AMS 3209:	74			s change s change
		ž ,		Result_	Cor	nforms*
			* * *	¥ 9	* *** K	
3.16	Effect on polyimic	de insulated wire	: The cleaning	ng compour	nd, when t	ested accordin
	to 4.5.26, shall no the polyimide ins	ot cause dissolut ulated wire in ex e wire did not e	ion, cracking cess of that	, or dielecti produced l	ic breakdo by distilled	own (leakage) l water.
ř				Result_	Cor	nforms

<sup>\*</sup> Test performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.







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Date:

04-Mar-2005

Battelle Memorial Institute

SMI/REF:

04DEC086

505 King Avenue

Columbus, OH 43201-2693

Product:

Eagle Kleen III Lot # C531-84-1 (received 01-December-2004)

Dilution:

Ready to use

#### **ASTM D 323**

Test Method for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products (Reid Method)

### SCOPE

This test method provides procedures for the determination of vapor pressure of gasoline, volatile crude oil, and other volatile petroleum products.

### **SUMMARY OF TEST METHOD**

The liquid chamber of the vapor pressure apparatus is filled with the chilled sample and connected to the vapor chamber that has been heated to 37.8°C (100°F) in a bath. The assembled apparatus is immersed in a bath at 37.8°C (100°F) until a constant pressure is observed. The reading, suitably corrected, is reported as the Reid vapor pressure.

Sample	Reid Vapor Pressure
Eagle Kleen III	<0.2 mm Hg @ 20°C

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia D. Viani, SMI Inc.

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Attn:

BATTELLE MEMORIAL INSTITUTE

Date:

07-Mar-2005

505 King Avenue

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SMI REF:

04DEC086

PRODUCT: EAGLE KLEEN III (Lot # C531-84-1)

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(received 01-Dec-2004)

### 40 CFR 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION

Code of Federal Regulations
Environmental Protection Agency
Title 40: Protection of Environment
Part 796: Chemical Fate Testing Guidelines
Shake Flask Method

Summary of Results:

Based on dissolved organic carbon analysis:

"EAGLE KLEEN III" = 87.1 % Biodegradable in 28 days

See Appendix A for graphical representation of Biodegradability vs. Time.

### **PROCEDURE**

#### I. Introduction

This procedure provides a way to determine the rate and extent of aerobic biodegradation that might occur when chemical substances are released to aquatic environments. A high biodegradability result in this test provides evidence that the test substance will be biodegradable in natural aerobic freshwater environments. A low biodegradability result may not necessarily indicate poor biodegradation, as other factors may interfere, such as inhibition of the microbial inoculum by the test material.

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III

Date: SMI REF:

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### **EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION**

### II. Principle of the Test Method

The method consists of a 2-week inoculum buildup period during which the microbes are allowed to adapt to the test compound. The acclimated media containing a defined amount of test compound is added to specially equipped Erlenmeyer flasks. The test media is sampled periodically and analyzed for dissolved organic carbon (DOC). A reservoir filled with barium hydroxide is utilized to measure the amount of carbon dioxide evolved. The degree of biodegradation is determined by comparison of the extent of DOC disappearance and the amount of carbon dioxide liberated. Control flasks containing no test compounds are run simultaneously and are used to estimate the degree of ultimate biodegradation. Reference substances which will exhibit ultimate biodegradation may be run simultaneously to check the activity of the inoculum. If the reference samples do not exhibit at least 60 percent of theoretical maximum carbon dioxide, and at least 70 percent DOC removal within 28 days, the test will be regarded as invalid and shall be repeated using different inoculum.

This method is believed to be appropriate for a screening test which has solely an acceptance but no rejective function.

### III. Test Procedure

The total organic carbon (TOC) of the test compound is first determined by analysis or calculation if the formulation is known. Determination of the minimum inhibitory concentration is useful to insure that the test compound will not be inhibitory to the microbes at the required concentration. The shake flask apparatus is assembled utilizing a 2-liter Erlenmeyer flask and a 50 ml centrifuge tube. The tube containing 10 mls of barium hydroxide will be suspended over the contents of the flask in such a way that liberated carbon dioxide may diffuse into the barium hydroxide, while allowing the contents of the tube to be removed for analysis without spilling into the test media. Glass tubing may be utilized as access into the flask for sparging, venting, and sampling.

Stock solutions I, II, and III are prepared (see Appendix B), along with 0.2 N barium hydroxide and 0.1 N HCl. Acclimation medium is prepared by adding 1 ml each of stock solutions I, II and III to 1 liter of distilled, deionized water (DIW). The microbial inoculum is obtained from sewage and soil or from Polyseed and is added to the acclimation medium. Test compounds are added incrementally during the acclimation period at concentrations equivalent to 4, 8, and 8 mg/L carbon on days 0, 7, and 11, respectively. On day 14, the medium is ready for use in the test.

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

Product: EAGL

EAGLE KLEEN III

Date:

07-Mar-2005 04DEC086

SMI REF: Page 3 of 9

**EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION** 

Biodegradability test flasks are prepared by adding 100 mls of acclimation medium to 900 mls of DIW along with 1 ml each of solutions I, II, and III to the 2-liter Erlenmeyers. Additional test compound equivalent to 10 mg/L carbon is added to the flasks. Ten mls of barium hydroxide are added to the suspended reservoirs in each flask and 10 mls are also saved for use as a titration blank. Flasks are sparged with carbon dioxide-free air, sealed and placed on a shaking table (approx. 125 rpm) at 20 - 25 deg C in the dark. Test flasks should be run in triplicate and sampling should occur at time zero and at least four other times to allow for a smooth plot of biodegradation. Each sample for DOC analysis is first centrifuged or filtered through a 0.45 micrometer or smaller pore diameter. On the day prior to terminating the test, 3 mls of 20 percent sulfuric acid are added to release carbonate bound carbon dioxide.

#### IV. ANALYTICAL MEASUREMENTS

The quantity of carbon dioxide evolved is measured by titration of the entire barium hydroxide sample with 0.1 N HCl to the phenolphthalein end point, blank subtracted. Theoretically, 10 mg of carbon is converted to 0.833 mmol of carbon dioxide. Absorbed carbon dioxide precipitates as barium carbonate, causing a reduction in alkalinity by the equivalent of 16.67 ml of 0.1 N HCl for complete conversion of the test compound carbon to carbon dioxide. Therefore, the percent theoretical carbon dioxide evolved from the test compound is calculated at any sampling time from the formula:

% CO<sub>2</sub> evolution = [(TF - CF)/16.67] · 100

where:

TF = mls of 0.1 N HCl used in titration of test flask

CF = mls of 0.1 N HCl used in titration of control flask

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

Product:

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### **EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION**

The DOC analysis is performed using a suitable organic carbon method. The percent DOC disappearance from the test compound is calculated from the formula:

% DOC removal =  $[1 - (DTF_x - DCF_x)/(DTF_0 - DCF_0)] \cdot 100$ 

where:

DTF = Dissolved organic carbon from test flask
DCF = Dissolved organic carbon from control flask

o = Day zero measurementsx = Day x measurements

### V. REPORT OF RESULTS

Inoculum: Polyseed and Mixed inoculum

Date Received: Jan, 2004

Source: Fisher Scientific and Metro-Dade County Water & Sewer Authority

Storage: Ambient temperature, used within 24 hours

Minimum Inhibitory Concentration: MIC < 3.125 % (non-inhibitory to microbes at

concentrations lower than 3.125%)

Percent Biodegradation based on DOC analysis:

EAGLE KLEEN III: 87.1 % after 28 days (see Table 1)
Reference (Sodium citrate): 92.6 % after 28 days (see Table 1)

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III

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EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION

Summary: Since the test compound was found to be over 70 % biodegradable based on the DOC analysis, it is reasonable to assume that the substance will undergo rapid and ultimate biodegradation in aerobic aquatic environments, also known as "ready biodegradability". The test is validated by the fact that the reference compound, sodium citrate, exhibited a biodegradability over 70%.

The percent biodegradability based on carbon dioxide evolution is typically lower than that of the DOC based numbers. In this case, the carbon dioxide evolution measured was significant, both on the test compound and on the reference, and the results generally agree.

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia D. Viani SMI, Inc. Client: Product: Battelle Memorial Institute

EAGLE KLEEN III

Date:

07-Mar-2005 04DEC086

SMI REF:

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# **EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION**

# TABLE I - DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON (DOC) VALUES

Sample: E	AGLE KLI	EEN III	100			17.4
	**	DAY 0	DAY 7	DAY 14	<b>DAY 21</b>	DAY 28
	Α.,	35.7	11.6	9.2	8.3	7.3
	В .	39.1	9.3	8.8	7.2	7.4
3 0	C	37.0	15.2	13.8	9.9	8.5
*				, j		100000000000000000000000000000000000000
<b>AVERAGE</b>		37.3	12.0	10.6	8.5	7.7
CORRECTI	ED AV	34.0	8.7	7.2	5.1	4.4
% BIODEG	RADED	N/A	74.3%	78.7%	85.1%	87.1%
*						V
			40			184
Reference:	Sodium C	Citrate	20 19 14			
				9		V.
	Α	38.0	14.2	6.8	5.2	5.5
	· · B	39.9	9.1	6.9	6.2	6.0
	C	39.1	8.4	7.3	6.7	6.5
<b>AVERAGE</b>		39.0	10.6	7.0	6.0	6.0
CORRECTI	ED AV	35.7	7.3	3.6	2.6	2.6
% BIODEG	RADED	N/A	79.6%	89.8%	92.6%	92.6%
				*		
•					20	+
*	1,4					
BLANK	· A	3.5	3.1	3.3	3.7	3.0
	В	3.0	3.6	3.6	3.2	3.7
*	C	3.4	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.4
ý.	* ·	3	+			
<b>AVERAGE</b>		3.3	3.3	3.4	3.4	3.4

Battelle Memorial Institute

Product: EAGLE KLEEN III

Date: SMI REF:

07-Mar-2005 04DEC086

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### EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION

### Table II - Titration Data for CO2 Evolution

Sample:	<b>EAGLI</b>	E KL	EEN	HI
---------	--------------	------	-----	----

					16		
		41.	DAY 7	<b>DAY 14</b>	<b>DAY 21</b>	<b>DAY 28</b>	F 19
	Α		6.8	8.8	15.8	18.0	
	В	(6.9)	5.6	12.4	16.0	18.0	
	С	*	6.0	9.2	16.6	17.6	
6.5				2			ř.
AVER/	AGE		6.1	10.1	16.1	17.9	
CORR	ECTED AVG		11.9	7.6	1.9	0.2	
% BIO	DEGRADED	*	20.9%	13.4%	3.3%	0.4%	
mls the	eoretical:	56.7				TOTAL=	38.0%
		9			0.0	*	
Refere	ence: Sodium	Citrate				× 1	A.
						1	*
	Α		4.6	7.8	17.0	18.0	
	В		6.0	9.2	14.8	17.8	*
	C	9. 9	5.2	6.2	16.8	18.0	
AVER	AGE		5.3	7.7	16.2	17.9	
CORR	ECTED AVG	7.9	12.7	10.0	1.8	0.1	
% BIO	DEGRADED	*	21.4%	16.8%	3.0%	0.2%	
mis the	eoretical:	59.5				TOTAL =	41.4%
BLAN	<b>Κ</b> Α		18.2	18.0	18.2	17.8	-
DUNN	. В		18.2	17.4	18.0	17.8	
	C		17.6	17.8	17.8	18.6	
			.,,,	2 2			V
AVER	AGE		18.0	17.7	18.0	18.1	t.

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

Product: EAGLE KLEEN III

Date: SMI REF: 07-Mar-2005 04DEC086

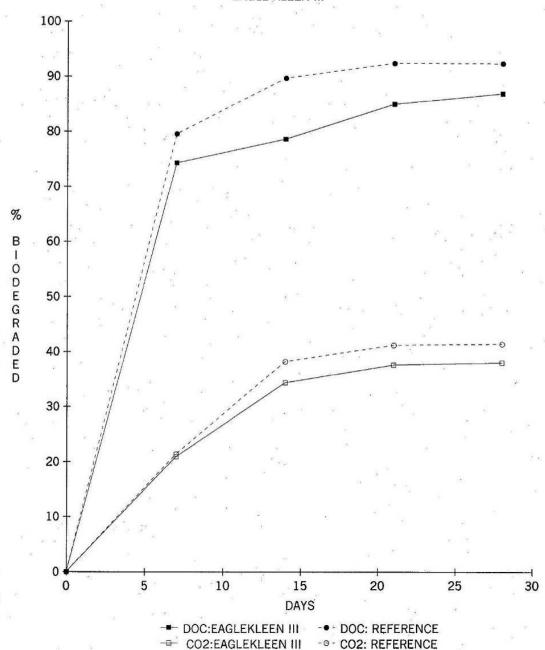
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### **EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION**

### Appendix A

### **BIODEGRADABILITY VS. TIME**

EAGLE KLEEN III



**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III

Date:

07-Mar-2005 04DEC086

SMI REF:

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**EPA 796.3100: AEROBIC AQUATIC BIODEGRADATION** 

### Appendix B

### STOCK SOLUTIONS I, II, AND III

SOLUTION I:

35 g

g/L NH<sub>4</sub>Cl g/L KNO<sub>3</sub>

15 g/L 75 g/L

K2HPO4.3H2O

SOLUTION II:

25 g/L

NaH<sub>2</sub>PO<sub>4</sub>·H<sub>2</sub>O

10 g/L KCI

20 g/L MgSO<sub>4</sub>

1 g/L FeSO<sub>4</sub>·7H<sub>2</sub>O

adjust pH of Soln II to 3.0

SOLUTION III:

g/L

CaCl<sub>2</sub>

0.05 g/L

5

ZnCl<sub>2</sub>

0.5 g/L MnCl<sub>2</sub>·4H<sub>2</sub>0 0.05 g/L CuCl<sub>2</sub>

0.001 g/L CoCl<sub>2</sub>

0.001 g/L H<sub>3</sub>BO<sub>3</sub>

0.0004 g/L MoO<sub>3</sub>

12219 SW 131 Avenue Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Phone: Fax:

(305) 971-7047 (305) 971-7048

Attn:

Nick Conkle

Date:

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

24-Jun-2005

505 King Ave

SMI/REF:

04JUN604

Product:

**EAGLE KLEEN III** 

(received 20-Jun-2005)

Columbus, OH 43201

Page 1 of 1

Dilution:

Ready to use

Modified testing (product was tested neat - [undiluted])

MIL-PRF-87937D (24 Sep 2001)

CLEANING COMPOUND, AEROSPACE EQUIPMENT Type IV - Heavy Duty, Water Dilutable Cleaning Compound

3.9 Stress crazing of MIL-PRF-5425 and MIL-PRF-25690 (Type A and C) acrylic plastics: The concentrated product (Type III only) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV) in distilled water shall not cause stress crazing or staining of acrylic plastics when tested in accordance with 4.5.14.

Material	As received	Dilution (10%)
MIL-PRF-5425 (Type A)	Crazing: Fails	Not performed
MIL-PRF-25690 (Type C)	No crazing: Pass	Not performed

Rocult	Dogs not conform	

3.10 Stress crazing of polycarbonate plastic: The concentrated product (Type III only) and a 10% solution (Types I, II and IV) in distilled water shall not cause stress crazing or staining of polycarbonate plastic conforming to MIL-P-83310 when tested in accordance with 4.5.15.

Material	As received	Dilution (10%)
MIL-P-83310 (Polycarbonate)	Crazing: Fails	Not performed

Result	Does not conform	
Resull	DOES HOLCOMORD	

Respectfully submitted,

atricia D. Viani, SMI Inc.

<sup>\*</sup> Tests performed using "as received" solution (ready to use) instead of dilution required by specification.

### Appendix E

SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Vapor Pressure Testing

12219 SW 131 Avenue Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Phone: Fax:

(305) 971-7047 (305) 971-7048

Attn:

Sara Kuczek

Date:

04-Mar-2005

Battelle Memorial Institute

505 King Avenue

SMI/REF:

04DEC086

Columbus, OH 43201-2693

Product:

Eagle Kleen III Lot # C531-84-1 (received 01-December-2004)

Dilution:

Ready to use

**ASTM D 323** 

Test Method for Vapor Pressure of Petroleum Products (Reid Method)

### SCOPE

This test method provides procedures for the determination of vapor pressure of gasoline, volatile crude oil, and other volatile petroleum products.

#### SUMMARY OF TEST METHOD

The liquid chamber of the vapor pressure apparatus is filled with the chilled sample and connected to the vapor chamber that has been heated to 37.8°C (100°F) in a bath. The assembled apparatus is immersed in a bath at 37.8°C (100°F) until a constant pressure is observed. The reading, suitably corrected, is reported as the Reid vapor pressure.

Sample	Reid Vapor Pressure
Eagle Kleen III	<0.2 mm Hg @ 20°C

Respectfully submitted.

Patricia D. Viani, SMI Inc.

### Appendix F

SMI Results from Eagle Kleen III Toxicity Testing

12219 SW 131 Avenue Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Phone:

(305) 971-7047

Fax:

(305) 971-7048

Attn:

Nick Conkle

Date:

09-Dec-2005

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

505 King Avenue

SMI/REF:

05XCT045

Columbus, Oh 43201-2693

Product:

EAGLE KLEEN III (50540-98-5) (received 27-Oct-2005)

Dilution:

Ready to Use

Page 1 of 1

Partial testing in accordance with:

#### **AMS 1424F**

Deicing/Anti-icing, Fluid, Aircraft SAE Type I (Fluid is ready to use)

3.1.4.4

Aquatic Toxicity: Formulated fluid shall be tested in accordance with EPA (40CFR 797.1300 and 797.1400, revised July 1, 1989 and 40 CFR 136.3) or OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals, Methods 202 and 203) procedures using test species required by regulatory agencies for permitted discharges. Examples include: fathead minnows (96-hour LC<sub>50</sub>), Ceriodaphnia dubia (48-hour EC<sub>50</sub>), Daphnia magna (48-hour EC<sub>50</sub>) and rainbow trout (96-hour LC<sub>50</sub>). The LC<sub>50</sub> (for fish) or  $EC_{50}$  (for invertebrates) concentration (the highest concentration at which 50% of the organisms do not survive the test period) shall be given in milligrams per liter.

EPA 40 CFR 797.1300 DAPHNID ACUTE TOXICITY TEST Daphnia magna, static system 48 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 25 mg/L

EPA 40 CFR 797.1400 FISH ACUTE TOXICITY TEST Pimephales promelas, static system 96 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 30 mg/L

Result

Informational

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia D. Viani, SMI, Inc.

12219 SW 131 Avenue Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Phone: Fax:

(305) 971-7047 (305) 971-7048

Attn:

Nick Conkle

Date:

09-Dec-2005

505 King Avenue

Battelle Memorial Institute

SMI/REF:

05XCT046

Columbus, Oh 43201-2693

Product:

SAFETY KLEEN (50540-98-24) (received 27-Oct-2005)

Dilution:

Ready to Use

Page 1 of 1

Partial testing in accordance with:

AMS 1424F

Deicing/Anti-icing, Fluid, Aircraft SAE Type I

(Fluid is ready to use)

3.1.4.4

Aquatic Toxicity: Formulated fluid shall be tested in accordance with EPA (40CFR 797.1300 and 797.1400, revised July 1, 1989 and 40 CFR 136.3) or OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals, Methods 202 and 203) procedures using test species required by regulatory agencies for permitted discharges. Examples include: fathead minnows (96-hour  $LC_{50}$ ), Ceriodaphnia dubia (48-hour  $EC_{50}$ ), Daphnia magna (48-hour  $EC_{50}$ ) and rainbow trout (96-hour  $LC_{50}$ ). The  $LC_{50}$  (for fish) or  $EC_{50}$  (for invertebrates) concentration (the highest concentration at which 50% of the organisms do not survive the test period) shall be given in milligrams per liter.

EPA 40 CFR 797.1300 DAPHNID ACUTE TOXICITY TEST

Daphnia magna, static system

48 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 125 mg/L

EPA 40 CFR 797.1400 FISH ACUTE TOXICITY TEST Pimephales promelas, static system 96 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: >70,000 mg/L\*

\*Note: Product left a distinct layer on top of water layer. Since product was not water soluble, results are suspect.

Result Informational

Respectfully submitted.

Patricia D. Viani, SMI, Inc.

SCIENTIFIC MATERIAL INTERNATIONAL www.smiinc.com

12219 SW 131 Avenue Miami, Florida 33186-6401 USA Phone: Fax:

(305) 971-7047 (305) 971-7048

Attn:

Nick Conkle

Date:

09-Dec-2005

**Battelle Memorial Institute** 

505 King Avenue

Columbus, Oh 43201-2693

SMI/REF:

05XCT047

Product:

TURCO 6849 SOLN 20% by volume (50540-98-13) (received 27-Oct-2005)

Dilution:

Ready to Use

Page 1 of 1

Partial testing in accordance with:

### **AMS 1424F**

Deicing/Anti-icing, Fluid, Aircraft SAE Type I (Fluid is ready to use)

3.1.4.4 Aquatic Toxicity: Formulated fluid shall be tested in accordance with EPA (40CFR 797.1300 and 797.1400, revised July 1, 1989 and 40 CFR 136.3) or OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals, Methods 202 and 203) procedures using test species required by regulatory agencies for permitted discharges. Examples include: fathead minnows (96-hour LC<sub>50</sub>), Ceriodaphnia dubia (48-hour EC<sub>50</sub>), Daphnia magna (48-hour EC<sub>50</sub>) and rainbow trout (96-hour LC<sub>50</sub>). The LC<sub>50</sub> (for fish) or EC<sub>50</sub> (for invertebrates) concentration (the highest concentration at which 50% of the organisms do not survive the test period) shall be given

in milligrams per liter.

EPA 40 CFR 797.1300 DAPHNID ACUTE TOXICITY TEST

Daphnia magna, static system 48 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 150 mg/L

EPA 40 CFR 797.1400 FISH ACUTE TOXICITY TEST

Pimephales promelas, static system

96 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 225 mg/L

Result

Informational

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia D. Viani, SMI, Inc.

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(305) 971-7047 (305) 971-7048

Attn:

Nick Conkle

Date:

09-Dec-2005

505 King Avenue

Battelle Memorial Institute

SMI/REF:

05XCT048

Columbus, Oh 43201-2693

Product:

RUST BLOC SOLN 4% by weight (50540-98-20) (received 27-Oct-2005)

Dilution:

Ready to Use

Page 1 of 1

Partial testing in accordance with:

### **AMS 1424F**

Deicing/Anti-icing, Fluid, Aircraft SAE Type I (Fluid is ready to use)

3.1.4.4 Aquatic Toxicity: Formulated fluid shall be tested in accordance with EPA (40CFR 797.1300 and 797.1400, revised July 1, 1989 and 40 CFR 136.3) or OECD (Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development Guidelines for Testing of Chemicals, Methods 202 and 203) procedures using test species required by regulatory agencies for permitted discharges. Examples include: fathead minnows (96-hour LC<sub>50</sub>), Ceriodaphnia dubia (48-hour EC<sub>50</sub>), Daphnia magna (48-hour  $EC_{50}$ ) and rainbow trout (96-hour  $LC_{50}$ ). The  $LC_{50}$ (for fish) or EC<sub>50</sub> (for invertebrates) concentration (the highest concentration at which 50% of the organisms do not survive the test period) shall be given

in milligrams per liter.

EPA 40 CFR 797.1300 DAPHNID ACUTE TOXICITY TEST Daphnia magna, static system 48 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 79,200 mg/L

EPA 40 CFR 797.1400 FISH ACUTE TOXICITY TEST Pimephales promelas, static system

96 hour LC<sub>50</sub>: 33,500 mg/L

Result Informational

Respectfully submitted,

Patricia D. Viani, SMI, Inc.